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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION N	
10/069,949	03/07/2002	Rainer Tilse	4597-039 2820		
26530	7590 02/18/2005		EXAMINER		
LADAS & PARRY LLP 224 SOUTH MICHIGAN AVENUE			WILSON, JOHN J		
SUITE 1200		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
CHICAGO,	IL 60604		3732		
		•	DATE MAILED: 02/18/200	5	

DATE MAILED: OF 10/2003

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Applicat	ion No.	Applicant(s)				
		10/069,9	949	TILSE, RAINER				
Office Action Summary			r	Art Unit				
		John J. V		3732				
<i> The I.</i> Period for Repl	MAILING DATE of this communica Y	tion appears on th	e cover sheet with the c	orrespondence addre	988			
THE MAILIN - Extensions of t after SIX (6) M - If the period for - If NO period for - Failure to reply Any reply recei	NED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR IG DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAtime may be available under the provisions of 30 ONTHS from the mailing date of this communication reply specified above is less than thirty (30) do reply is specified above, the maximum statute within the set or extended period for reply will, ived by the Office later than three months after term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATION. OF CFR 1.136(a). In no excation. ays, a reply within the state or period will apply and well by statute, cause the apply statute.	vent, however, may a reply be tim tutory minimum of thirty (30) days vill expire SIX (6) MONTHS from plication to become ABANDONEI	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this comm D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	unication.			
Status	•							
1)⊠ Respo	nsive to communication(s) filed o	on <u>04 January 200</u>	<u>05</u> .					
2a)⊠ This a	☐ This action is FINAL. 2b)☐ This action is non-final.							
•	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of (Claims							
4a) Of 5)⊠ Claim(6)⊠ Claim(7)□ Claim((s) 3-16 is/are pending in the app the above claim(s) is/are v (s) 14-16 is/are allowed. (s) 3-13 is/are rejected. (s) is/are objected to. (s) are subject to restriction	withdrawn from co						
Application Pa	pers							
9)☐ The sp	ecification is objected to by the E	xaminer.						
•	10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
	ant may not request that any objectio							
•	ement drawing sheet(s) including the other than the ordeclaration is objected to by	•	• • • •					
Priority under 3	85 U.S.C. § 119							
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 								
Attachment(s)			_					
2) Notice of Draf 3) Information D	erences Cited (PTO-892) tsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO- isclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO Mail Date	•	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ate	52)			
			-,					

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 3, 4, 11 and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Smith (3792530). Smith shows a hand held device 1, nozzle 5, means for conveying 6, handle as shown and a generator 8, which can be a sound generator, column 8, lines 5-7. The generator 8 is connected to the nozzle through the hand piece and through plunger 6 and will inherently vibrate the nozzle, and the nozzle is inherently capable of functioning to transmit the vibrations to a filling compound flowing through the nozzle when used in that manner. Further Smith teaches that the generator can oscillate while filling, see column 6, lines 30-44. All of the claimed structure being shown, the use with a synthetic resin is given no patentable weight.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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Claims 9 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hirdes (4768955). Hirdes shows a supply container 5, nozzle 10, 11, means for conveying 3, handle 2, ultra sound generator 50, column 4, lines 60-67 and actuating button 6. The oscillator 50 will inherently set the nozzle into oscillation. All of the claimed structure being shown, to use with for filling a synthetic resin is an obvious matter of intended use of a known structure to one of ordinary skill in the art.

Claims 5 and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Smith (3792530) in view of Nielsen (3890713). Smith shows the structure as described above, however, does not show an exchangeable supply container. Nielsen shows an exchangeable supply container and nozzle, see Figs. 7-9. It would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Smith to include an exchangeable container as shown by Nielsen in order to more conveniently refill the handpiece. As to claim 8, Smith does not show the use of a pneumatically excited oscillator. Nielsen shows creating vibrations with a pneumatic oscillator, column 2, lines 62-64. It would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Smith to include the use of a pneumatic oscillator as shown by Nielsen in order to make use of art known equivalent ways of producing vibrations. It is also noted that there is no disclosed criticality to the type of oscillator used.

Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Smith (3792530) in view of Werly (5007837). Smith shows the structure as described above, however, does not show the use of a piezoelectric oscillator. Werly shows creating vibrations with a piezoelectric

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oscillator 41. It would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Smith to include the use of a piezoelectric oscillator as shown by Werly in order to make use of art known equivalent ways of producing vibrations. It is also noted that there is no disclosed criticality to the type of oscillator used.

Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Smith (3792530) in view of Balamuth et al (3809977). Smith shows the structure as described above, however, does not show the use of a magetostrictive oscillator. Balamuth shows creating vibrations with a magetostrictive oscillator, column 7, lines 28-34. It would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Smith to include the use of a magetostrictive oscillator as shown by Balamuth in order to make use of art known equivalent ways of producing vibrations. It is also noted that there is no disclosed criticality to the type of oscillator used.

Claim 10 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Smith (3792530) in view of Fishburne, Jr. (5839895). Smith shows the structure as described above, however, does not show the use of a spray gun. Fishburne teaches that the structure produces a spray, column 5, lines 1-5. It would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Smith to include producing a spay as shown by Fishburne in order to make use of known properties of art known delivery devices. It is further noted that the present disclosure does not specify any specific type of spray gun, therefore, to call the above combination a spray gun is an obvious matter of choice to the skilled artisan.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 14-16 are allowed.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed January 4, 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. With respect to Smith, applicant's argument that Smith does not vibrate while the filling material is conveyed is not agreed with because in column 6, lines 30-35, Smith teaches the step of moving the plunger forward to push out the filling material and further states that vibrator 8 is on and operative during the whole of this step, column 6, lines 36-38. With respect to Hirdes, the argument that the vibrator cannot function while the filling material is being transmitted is not commensurate with the claim language of claims 9 and 12.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

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the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later

than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to John J. Wilson whose telephone number is 571-272-4722). The

examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Kevin P. Shaver, can be reached at 571-272-4720). The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

John J. Wilson Primary Examiner

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jjw

February 11, 2005